

# [1,6-Bis(2-pyridylmethyl)-2,5-diaza-hexane- $\kappa^4N$ ]chlorocopper(II) perchlorate

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Received 5 April 2000

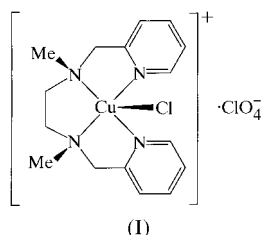
Accepted 11 April 2000

Data validation number: IUC0000108

The title mononuclear copper(II) compound, [CuCl(C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>22</sub>N<sub>4</sub>)]ClO<sub>4</sub>, shows a slightly tetrahedrally distorted square-pyramidal coordination with the chlorine ligand at the apical position. The directions of the two N—Me bond axes are *syn* to the Cu—Cl bond.

## Comment

DNA degradation by the copper(II) complexes with tripodal ligands has been investigated by one (YN) of the authors (Kobayashi *et al.*, 1996, 1998). The structure of



[Cu(mep)Cl]ClO<sub>4</sub>, (I), where mep is 1,6-bis(2-pyridylmethyl)-2,5-diaza-hexane, is reported here.

## Experimental

The ligand and its chlorocopper(II) complex were prepared as described previously (Okuno *et al.*, 1997). Crystals of the title compound were grown from a methanol solution.

**Table 1**

Selected geometric parameters (Å).

|         |           |        |           |
|---------|-----------|--------|-----------|
| Cu1—Cl1 | 2.421 (1) | Cu1—N3 | 2.046 (3) |
| Cu1—N1  | 2.053 (3) | Cu1—N4 | 2.031 (3) |
| Cu1—N2  | 2.068 (3) |        |           |

## Crystal data

[CuCl(C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>22</sub>N<sub>4</sub>)]ClO<sub>4</sub>  
 $M_r = 468.83$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 11.044$  (2) Å  
 $b = 11.085$  (1) Å  
 $c = 15.858$  (1) Å  
 $\beta = 95.100$  (9)°  
 $V = 1933.8$  (4) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$

$D_x = 1.610$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>  
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 Cell parameters from 25 reflections  
 $\theta = 10$ – $15^\circ$   
 $\mu = 1.436$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 299$  K  
 Prism, blue  
 $0.6 \times 0.5 \times 0.2$  mm

## Data collection

Rigaku AFC-5S diffractometer  
 $\theta$ - $2\theta$  scans  
 Absorption correction: by integration (Coppens *et al.*, 1965)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.365$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.764$   
 4916 measured reflections  
 4445 independent reflections  
 3426 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$   
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^\circ$   
 $h = 0 \rightarrow 14$   
 $k = 0 \rightarrow 14$   
 $l = -21 \rightarrow 21$   
 3 standard reflections every 100 reflections  
 intensity decay: none

## Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$   
 $R(F) = 0.049$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.122$   
 $S = 1.51$   
 4445 reflections  
 244 parameters

H-atom parameters not refined  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + \{0.05(F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3\}^2]$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.0006$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.98$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.68$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Positional parameters of all the H atoms were calculated geometrically and fixed with  $U(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{parent atom})$ . The maximum residual density was located 0.99 Å from the Cu1 atom.

Data collection: *MSC/AFC Diffractometer Control Software* (Molecular Structure Corporation, 1993); cell refinement: *MSC/AFC Diffractometer Control Software*; data reduction: *TEXSAN* (Molecular Structure Corporation, 1999); program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR92* (Altomare *et al.*, 1994); program(s) used to refine structure: *TEXSAN*; software used to prepare material for publication: *TEXSAN*.

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